IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)			
Plaintiff,	<i>,</i>)			
v.) No. CR-92-32-S			
RAMON MEDINA MOLINA,	ELLED			
Defendant.) MAR ₁ 9 1993			
BPECIAL FINDINGS FORM Gierk, U.S. District Court				
PART ONE	Branch Black			
For each of the following category one statutory aggravating factors, answer "Yes" or "No" as to whether you unanimously find that the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt that particular factor:				
 That the defendant Ramon Medina Molina engaged in conduct intending that the victim be killed or that lethal force be employed against the victim, which resulted in the death of the victim. 				
YES				
NO X				
2. That the defendant Ramon Medina	a Molina engaged in			

NO ______

YES X

(If you have checked "NO" as to each of the category one statutory aggravating factors, deliberate no further, sign this special findings form, fill out Decision Form A, complete

conduct which he knew would create a grave risk of death to a person, other than one of the participants of the offense, and resulted in the death of the victim.

the attached certificate, and advise the court that you have reached a decision. If you have checked "YES" to either or both the category one statutory aggravating factors, continue with your deliberations in accordance with the court's instructions and proceed to Part Two of this special findings form.)

PART TWO

For each of the following category two statutory aggravating factors, answer "YES" or "NO" as to whether you unanimously find that the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt that particular factor:

1. That the defendant Ramon Medina Molina committed the offense after substantial planning and premeditation.

YES	X		
ИО			

2. That the defendant Ramon Medina Molina procured the Commission of the offense by payment, or promise of payment, of anything of pecuniary value.

YES	X
NO	

3. That the defendant Ramon Medina Molina has previously been convicted of two or more state or federal offenses punishable by imprisonment of more than one year, committed on different occasions, involving the distribution of a controller substance.

YES	
NO	

(If you have checked "No" as to each of the above listed category two statutory aggravating factors, deliberate no further, sign this special findings form, fill out Decision Form A, complete the attached certificate, and advise the court at you have reached a decision. If you have checked to one or more of the above listed category two statutory aggravating factors, continue with your deliberations in accordance with the court's instructions and

proceed to Parts Three and Four of this special findings form.)

PART THREE

For each of the following non-statutory aggravating factors, answer "Yes" or "No" as to whether you unanimously find that the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt that particular factor:

1. that a deadly weapon or weapons (a firearm or firearms) was/were used during the commission of the continuing criminal enterprise in an attempt to kidnap or kill Claude Avery Rogers.

YES	X
	• * •
NO	

2. that a deadly weapon or weapons was/were used in the killing of Jewell Leon Collins.

YES	X
NO	

3. that the defendant James Norwood Hutching committed the offenses as to which he is charged in the indictment.

YES	X
NO	

4. that repeated attempts to rehabilitate the defendant James Norwood Hutching or deter him from future criminal behavior have been unsuccessful.

YES	X
NO	

PART FOUR

For each of the following mitigating factors indicate the number of jurors who have found the existence of a particular mitigating factor proven by a preponderance of the evidence:

1. that the defendant James Norwood Hutching is punishable as a principal in the killing offense, which was committed by another, but his participation was relatively minor, regardless of whether the participation was so minor as to constitute a defense to the charge.

Number	of	jurors	who	so	find	3
		,				

2. that the defendant James Norwood Hutching could not reasonably have foreseen that his conduct in the course of the killing would cause, or would create a grave risk of causing, death to any person.

Number of jurors who so find _____O

3. that another defendant or defendants or others, equally culpable in the killing offense, will not be punished by death.

Number of jurors who so find 12

4. that the defendant James Norwood Hutching's age, fiftysix, along with the length of the minimum sentence that could be imposed under counts one through fifteen, of twenty years, combined with the consecutive sentence that would be imposed for count twenty-two of thirty years, would effectively be a life sentence without parole.

Number of jurors who so find 12

5. that the effective control and organization of the planning of the killing, the execution of the plans for the killing, and the killing itself were in Joseph Edward Arvizu and persons other than the defendant James Norwood Hutching.

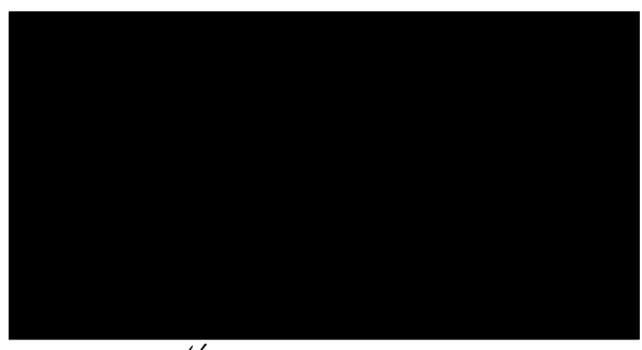
Number of jurors who so find ______

6. that the defendant James Norwood Hutching had no control or input over the different plans proposed for the killing, the execution of the final plan for the killing, and the killing itself.

Number of jurors who so find 2

appreciate the wrongfulness of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly impaired, regardless of whether his capacity was so impaired as to constitute a defense to the charges against him in this case.
Number of jurors who so findO
8. that during the course of his prior prison incarcerations, the defendant Ramon Medina Molina a) was never involved in aggressive or assaultive incidents, b) demonstrated discipline and responsibility in his work assignments, c) worked at improving his academic skills, and d) avoided gang membership.
Number of jurors who so find 3
9. that the defendant Ramon Medina Molina suffered from a heroin addiction and alcohol and marijuana abuse disorder that impacted his ability to analyze situations, exercise common sense judgment, and prevented him from controlling his impulses.
Number of jurors who so find
10. that the defendant Ramon Medina Molina has developed and maintained positive relationships with his daughters, friends and other family members in spite of and during prior incarcerations.
Number of jurors who so find 10
11. that the defendant Ramon Medina Molina's natural and step-children have received love, nurturance, support, and constancy from him as a father, and that they, as well as the rest of his family, desire that he not be given the death penalty.
Number of jurors who so find $\underline{7}$
12. that if the defendant Ramon Medina Molina does not receive a sentence of death, he will spend the rest of his life in a maximum security prison.
Number of jurors who so find
(When you have completed Parts Three and Four and have arrived at a decision, sign this special findings form, enter your decision on either Decision Form B or Decision Form C, complete the attached certificate, and advise the court that

your deliberations are complete. Note that Decision Form B and Decision Form C are mutually exclusive. Complete one or the other, but not both.)



Date: March /9 1, 1993.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

UNITED STATES OF AME	RICA,)
1	Plaintiff,	
v.)) No. CR-92-32-S
RAMON MEDINA MOLINA,)
1	Defendant.	EILED
		MAR 1 9 1993
	DECISION FORM C	Cloris, U.S. District Court

We, the jury, unanimously find beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of (a) either or both of the aggravating factors set forth in Part One of the special findings form and (b) one or more of the aggravating factors set forth in Part Two of the special findings form. We have considered whether those and any other non-statutory aggravating factors that we have unanimously found to exist beyond a reasonable doubt outweigh any mitigating factor or factors that one or more jurors have found to exist by a preponderance of the evidence.

As a result of our consideration, at least one juror finds that the aggravating factors that have been found to exist do not outweigh a mitigating factor or factors that have been found to exist. Alternatively, if there have been no mitigating factors found to exist by any juror, at least one juror finds that the aggravating factors themselves are not sufficient to justify a sentence of death. As a further alternative, regardless of any findings with respect to aggravating and mitigating factors, at least one juror has decided that the death sentence shall not be imposed.

Under any of the foregoing alternatives, we do not unanimously find that the court shall sentence the defendant Ramon Medina Molina to death.



Date: March /9/1, 1993.

CERTIFICATE

By signing below, each of us individually hereby certifies that in considering whether the sentence of death was justified, the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin or sex of the defendant Ramon Medina Molina and of the victim Jewell Leon Collins were not considered in reaching our respective individual decisions. Each of us further individually certifies that the same decision regarding a sentence for the crime in question would have been made no matter what the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin or sex of the defendant Ramon Medina Molina and of the wistin Toyala Leon Collins

the victim Jewell Leon Collins.

Foreperson

Date: March 194 1993.

EILED

MAR 1 9 1993

WILLIAM B. GUTHRIE Clerk, U.S. District Court

Deputy Clerk