

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

FILED

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

٧.

JUL 2 2 2005
WILLIAM & GUTHRIE Clerk, U.S. Degrict Court

Case No. 03-CR-073-WH

EDWARD LEON FIELDS, JR.

Defendant.

SPECIAL FINDINGS FORM

- I. Findings Regarding Defendant's Eligibility for a Death Sentence
 - A. Defendant's Age at Time of Offense

Do you unanimously find that the government proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant was eighteen (18) years of age at the time he committed the offense[s] for which sentence is to be imposed?

YES <u>X</u>

If you answered yes, proceed to the next section (I-B) of this Form. If you answered no, then stop your deliberations, sign the section of this Form indicating a verdict of life imprisonment (III-B), certify your decision as described in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision.

B. Defendant's Intent in Commission of Offense

For each type of intent specified below, answer "yes" or "no" according to whether you unanimously find that the government proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant acted with the specified intent:

The defendant intentionally killed Charles Glenn Chick, Jr.;

YES X

NO ____

The defendant intentionally killed Shirley Elliott Chick;

YES X

NO ____

If you answered yes to one or more of these alternatives, proceed to the next section (I-C) of this Form. If you answered no to all of them, then stop your deliberations, sign the section of this Form indicating a verdict of life imprisonment (III-B), certify your decision as described in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision.

C. Statutory Aggravating Factors

The government has alleged that the following statutory aggravating factors are present in this case. For each factor, answer "yes" or "no" according to whether you unanimously find that the government proved the existence of the factor beyond a reasonable doubt:

1. The defendant committed the murder of Charles Glenn Chick, Jr., after substantial planning and premeditation.

 The defendant committed the murder of Shirley Elliott Chick, after substantial planning and premeditation.

 The defendant intentionally killed and attempted to kill more than one person, by killing Charles Glenn Chick, Jr. and Shirley Elliott Chick in a single criminal episode.

If you answered "yes" to one or more of these statutory aggravating factors, you have found the defendant eligible for a death sentence and you should proceed to the next section (II) of this Form to consider whether such a sentence is justified under the circumstances of the case. If you answered "no" to all of these factors, then you have found the defendant ineligible for a death sentence and you should stop your deliberations, sign the section of this Form indicating a verdict of life imprisonment (III-B), certify your decision as described in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision.

II. Findings Regarding Justification for a Death Sentence

A. Non-Statutory Aggravating Factors

The government has alleged that the following non-statutory aggravating factors are present in this case. For each factor, answer "yes" or no according to whether you unanimously find that the government proved the existence of the factor beyond a reasonable doubt:

- The defendant poses a future danger to the lives and safety of other persons,
 as evidenced by one or more of the following:
 - the offenses were part of a continuing pattern of threatened or impending violence;
 - (b) the defendant's lack of remorse.

2. The defendant caused permanent injury, loss and harm to the family, friends, co-workers and community of Charles Glenn Chick, Jr., based upon the victim's personal characteristics as an individual human being and the impact of his death on the victim's family, friends, co-workers and community.

3. The defendant caused permanent injury, loss and harm to the family, friends, co-workers and community of Shirley Elliott Chick based upon the victim's personal characteristics as an individual human being and the impact of her death on the victim's family, friends, co-workers and community.

4. The defendant inflicted mental anguish, including Shirley Elliott Chick's uncertainty as to her ultimate fate, before Shirley Elliott Chick's death.

Regardless of your findings on these non-statutory factors, you must proceed to the next section (II-B) of this Form.

B. <u>Mitigating Factors</u>

The defendant has alleged that the following mitigating factors are present in this case. For each of these factors, answer "yes" or "no" according to whether any juror (or jurors) finds that the defendant has proved the existence of the factor by a preponderance of the evidence:

	1.	The Defendant's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of his conduct or
conf	form his	conduct to the requirements of law was significantly impaired, regardless of
whe	ther the	capacity was so impaired as to constitute a defense to the charge.

 The Defendant did not have a significant prior history of other criminal conduct.

 The Defendant committed the offenses under severe mental or emotional disturbance.

4. The Defendant served in the Navy and was honorably discharged.

 The Defendant worked as a prison guard for the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

6.	The Defendant has special talents in cooking, art, and computers.
	YES X
	NO
7.	The Defendant excelled in his manufacturing job at Kenco Plastics.
	YES
	NO X
8.	The Defendant is a loved father.
	YES X
	NO
9.	The Defendant is a loved brother.
	YES _X_
	NO
10.	The Defendant is a loved son.
	YES X
	NO
11.	The Defendant is a valued friend.
	YES _X_
	NO

12.	The Defendant endured the death of his father months before the offenses.			
	YES X			
	NO			
13.	The Defendant's mother moved away weeks before the offenses.			
	YES X			
	NO			
14.	The Defendant's ex-wife and children moved away months before the offenses.			
	YES X			
	NO			
15.	The mother of the Defendant's children, Teresa Fields, has recently had cancer			
which may or may not be in remission.				
	YES X			
	NO			
16.	The Defendant's death will impact his children, family and friends.			
	YES X			
	NO			
17.	The Defendant cooperated with authorities after his arrest.			
	YES X			
	мо			

The Defendant confessed to the crimes.

18.

	YES X			
	NO			
19.	The Defendant pled guilty to the crimes.			
	YES _X_			
	NO			
20.	The Defendant has expressed remorse for the crimes.			
	YES			
	NO <u>X</u>			
21.	The Defendant sought treatment for his mental illness.			
	YES X			
	NO			
22.	The Defendant will not present a future danger to society by being imprisoned			
for life without possibility of release.				
	YES			
	NO X			

As explained in the Court's instructions, the law permits you to consider any other relevant mitigating information, in addition to the specific mitigating factors alleged by the defendant listed above, so long as you find that it was proved by a preponderance of the

evidence. As with specific mitigating factors, your findings in this regard need not be unanimous.

Did one or more jurors find that other relevant mitigating information was proved?

YES ____

NO X

If you answered "yes," list the additional mitigation information you found to be present in the space provided immediately below:

When you have completed your findings regarding mitigation, proceed to the next section (II-C) of this Form, where you will weigh the aggravating factor[s] with the mitigating factor[s], if any, that you have found to be present in this case.

C. Weighing Process

The question you must answer at this stage of your deliberations is whether the proven aggravating factor[s] sufficiently outweigh the proven mitigating factors and information to justify a sentence of death or, if you have not found any mitigation present, whether the aggravating factor[s] considered alone justify a death sentence. If you unanimously find that the weight of the aggravating factor[s] is sufficient to justify a sentence of death, answer "yes" below, record your verdict on section III-A (Sentence of Death), certify your decision

as described in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision. If you do not unanimously find that a death sentence is justified, answer "no" below, stop your deliberations, sign section III-B (Life Imprisonment), certify your decision as described in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision.

III. Imposition of Sentence

This is the last step in your deliberations. If you have made all of the findings necessary to make the defendant eligible for a death sentence and have unanimously concluded that such a sentence is justified and that a sentence of death is therefore appropriate in this case, record your decision by collectively signing the verdict set out in section A below, sign the certification that follows in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision. If you do not unanimously conclude that a sentence of death is justified and therefore must be imposed, sign the verdict for life imprisonment set out in section B below, sign the certification in section IV, and notify the court that you have reached a decision.

A. VERDICT - SENTENCE OF DEATH

Based upon our consideration of the evidence and in accordance with the court's instructions, we find by unanimous vote that a sentence of death shall be imposed on the defendant.



Date: July 22 , 2005

B. VERDICT - LIFE IMPRISONMENT

Based upon our consideration of the evidence and in accordance with the court's									
instructions, we find that a sentence of life imprisonment without release shall be imposed									
on the defendant.									
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		Foreperson							
Date:, 2	2005								

IV. Certification

By signing below, each juror certifies that consideration of the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin, or gender of the defendant or the victim(s) was not involved in reaching his or her individual decision, and that the individual juror would have made the same decision regarding the appropriate sentence for the offense in question regardless of the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin, or gender of the defendant or the victim(s).



Date: July 22, 2005